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AN ANALYSIS OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY PRODUCTS

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Abstract This study presents statistical data on livestock and poultry products obtained from different categories of farms in the Republic of Uzbekistan during January–December 2025.
Keywords livestock; livestock products; meat; milk; eggs; fish; farms; cattle; sheep and goats.

Introduction. In order to further improve the sustainable provision of the population with affordable and high-quality milk and dairy products, a number of systematic measures have been implemented in recent years. The Development Strategy of New Uzbekistan for 2022–2026 defines important tasks, including increasing the volume of livestock production by 1.5–2 times, increasing the number of livestock and their productivity, implementing new projects, artificially inseminating 2.4 million head (52%) of cows and heifers of breeding age in household farms, strengthening the livestock feed base, increasing the production of high-yielding forage crop varieties, obtaining 2–3 harvests per year, and increasing crop yields by 1.2 times. [1].

Increasing the production of livestock products in Uzbekistan requires improving the productivity of breeds, strengthening the feed base, creating highly productive dairy herds, and using cattle whose udder conformation is adapted to machine milking equipment.

Materials and Methods. Livestock products produced in all categories of farms operating in the Republic, as well as the regions leading in the production of these products, were analyzed.

Results and Discussion. In 2025, meat production (live weight) amounted to 2,987,507 tons, which was 1.5% higher than in the. In 2025, a total of 12,591,159 tons of milk was obtained in the Republic, which was 1.2% higher than in the previous year. previous year. Of the total meat produced, 225,082 tons, or 7.54%, were produced by farms; 2,428,473 tons, or 81.28%, by peasant (private subsidiary) farms; and 333,952 tons, or 11.18%, by organizations engaged in agricultural activities

Table 1Meat and milk production by region in 2025

No.	Regions	Meat (live weight), tons	%	Milk, tons	%
1	Republic of Karakalpakstan	130,313	4.36	470,745	3.74
2	Andijan	206,990	6.93	1,126,891	8.95
3	Bukhara	319,077	10.68	1,145,951	9.10
4	Jizzakh	244,898	8.20	719,534	5.71
5	Qashqadaryo	347,049	11.62	1,394,954	11.08
6	Navoi	203,023	6.80	584,542	4.64

7	Namangan	185,864	6.22	815,569	6.48
8	Samarkand	332,814	11.14	1,468,328	11.66
9	Surkhandarya	226,258	7.57	991,565	7.88
10	Syrdarya	80,602	2.70	419,524	3.33
11	Tashkent	319,430	10.69	1,088,969	8.65
12	Fergana	196,106	6.56	1,207,482	9.59
13	Khorezm	194,161	6.50	1,150,649	9.14
14	Tashkent City	922	0.03	6,456	0.05
	Total	**2,987,507**	**100**	**12,591,159**	**100**

A total of 919,854 tons, or 7.3% of the milk obtained, was produced by farms; 11,402,776 tons, or 90.6%, by Peasant (private subsidiary) farms; and 268,529 tons, or 2.1%, by organizations engaged in agricultural activities.

The data in Table 1 show that Qashqadaryo region led meat production with 347,049 tons, or 11.62%, followed by Samarkand region with 332,814 tons, or 11.14%; Tashkent region with 319,430 tons, or 10.69%; and Bukhara region with 319,077 tons, or 10.68%. In terms of milk production, Samarkand region led with 1,468,328 tons, or 11.66%, followed by Qashqadaryo region with 1,394,954 tons, or 11.08%; Fergana region with 1,207,482 tons, or 9.59%; and Khorezm region with 1,150,649 tons, or 9.14%.

Table 2

Production of eggs, honey, and harvested fish by region, January–December 2025

No.	Regions	Eggs, thousand units	%	Honey, tons	%	Fish, tons	%
1	Republic of Karakalpakstan	425,011	4.48	1,032.5	5.34	13,987.8	6.78
2	Andijan	874,314	9.22	1,581.3	8.17	22,291.3	10.81
3	Bukhara	602,257	6.35	2,785.1	14.39	6,705.0	3.25
4	Jizzakh	423,340	4.46	1,882.0	9.73	12,485.1	6.05
5	Qashqadaryo	583,782	6.16	2,645.8	13.67	4,637.8	2.25
6	Navoi	482,330	5.09	1,250.6	6.46	10,228.8	5.06
7	Namangan	812,791	8.57	1,270.2	6.56	20,016.0	9.71
8	Samarkand	1,399,591	14.76	1,457.5	7.53	20,546.6	9.96
9	Surkhandarya	631,698	6.66	1,100.0	5.69	7,759.7	3.76
10	Syrdarya	242,978	2.56	420.7	2.17	11,748.9	5.70
11	Tashkent	1,742,047	18.37	679.1	3.51	23,406.9	11.35
12	Fergana	728,227	7.68	1,884.1	9.74	16,449.7	7.98
13	Khorezm	522,637	5.51	1,349.0	6.97	35,913.9	17.42
14	Tashkent City	12,014	0.13	10.2	0.05	33.5	0.02
	Total	**9,483,017**	**100**	**19,348.2**	**100**	**206,211.0**	**100**

Analysis of Table 2 shows that in 2025, a total of 9,483,017 thousand eggs were obtained from all categories of farms. This was 7.0% higher than in the previous year. Of this total, 1,622,069 thousand eggs, or 17.1%, were produced by farms; 4,967,630 thousand, or 52.38%, by dehqan and

household (private subsidiary) farms; and 2,893,318 thousand, or 30.51%, by organizations engaged in agricultural activities.

In 2025, a total of 19,348.2 tons of honey was obtained, which was 16.3% higher than in the previous year. Of the honey produced, 3,353.5 tons, or 17.33%,were obtained from farms; 14,025.8 tons, or 72.49%, from peasent and household (private subsidiary) farms; and 1,968.9 tons, or 10.18%, from organization engaged in agricultural activities.

In 2025, the total amount of fish harvested in the Republic was 206,211.0 tons, which was 3.4% higher than in the previous year. Of the total fish harvested, 116,722.4 tons, or 56.6%, were harvested by farms; 11,415.7 tons, or 5.54%, by peasent and household (private subsidiary) farms; and 78,072.9 tons, or 37.86%, by organizations engaged in agricultural activities.

Conclusion. In conclusion, analysis of the statistical data indicates that livestock product production across the regions of the Republic is associated with geographical location, climatic conditions, and economic capacity.

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